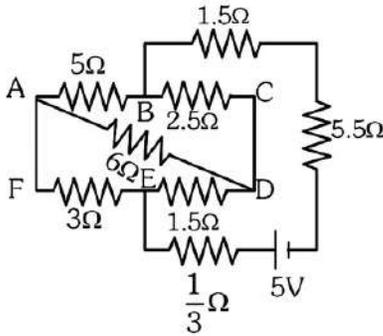


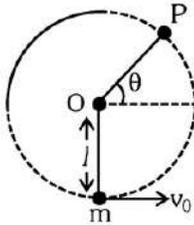
6. The current passing through the battery in the given circuit, is :



- (1) 2.0 A (2) 0.5 A
(3) 2.5 A (4) 1.5 A

Ans. (2)

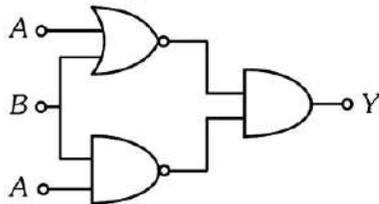
7. A bob of heavy mass m is suspended by a light string of length l . The bob is given a horizontal velocity v_0 as shown in figure. If the string gets slack at some point P making an angle θ from the horizontal, the ratio of the speed v of the bob at point P to its initial speed v_0 is :



- (1) $(\sin\theta)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ (2) $\left(\frac{1}{2+3\sin\theta}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
(3) $\left(\frac{\cos\theta}{2+3\sin\theta}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ (4) $\left(\frac{\sin\theta}{2+3\sin\theta}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

Ans. (4)

8. The output (Y) of the given logic implementation is similar to the output of an/a _____ gate.



- (1) AND (2) NAND
(3) OR (4) NOR

Ans. (4)

9. The electric field in a plane electromagnetic wave is given by

$$E_z = 60 \cos(5x + 1.5 \times 10^9 t) \text{ V/m.}$$

Then expression for the corresponding magnetic field is (here subscripts denote the direction of the field) :

- (1) $B_y = 2 \times 10^{-7} \cos(5x + 1.5 \times 10^9 t) T$
(2) $B_x = 2 \times 10^{-7} \cos(5x + 1.5 \times 10^9 t) T$
(3) $B_z = 60 \cos(5x + 1.5 \times 10^9 t) T$
(4) $B_y = 60 \sin(5x + 1.5 \times 10^9 t) T$

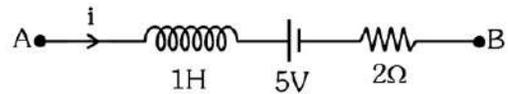
Ans. (1)

10. A ball of mass 0.5 kg is dropped from a height of 40 m. The ball hits the ground and rises to a height of 10 m. The impulse imparted to the ball during its collision with the ground is (Take $g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$)

- (1) 21 NS (2) 7 NS
(3) 0 (4) 84 NS

Ans. (1)

11. AB is a part of an electrical circuit (see figure). The potential difference " $V_A - V_B$ ", at the instant when current $i = 2 \text{ A}$ and is increasing at a rate of 1 amp/second is :



- (1) 5 volt (2) 6 volt
(3) 9 volt (4) 10 volt

Ans. (4)

12. A 2 amp current is flowing through two different small circular copper coils having radii ratio 1 : 2. The ratio of their respective magnetic moments will be

- (1) 1 : 4 (2) 1 : 2 (3) 2 : 1 (4) 4 : 1

Ans. (1)

13. In a certain camera, a combination of four similar thin convex lenses are arranged axially in contact. Then the power of the combination and the total magnification in comparison to the power (p) and magnification (m) for each lens will be, respectively

- (1) $4p$ and $4m$ (2) p^4 and $4m$
(3) $4p$ and m^4 (4) p^4 and m^4

Ans. (3)

14. An oxygen cylinder of volume 30 litre has 18.20 moles of oxygen. After some oxygen is withdrawn from the cylinder, its gauge pressure drops to 11 atmospheric pressure at temperature 27°C. The mass of the oxygen withdrawn from the cylinder is nearly equal to :

[Given, $R = \frac{100}{12} \text{ J mol}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}$, and molecular mass of

$O_2 = 32$, 1 atm pressure = $1.01 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$]

- (1) 0.125 kg (2) 0.144 kg
(3) 0.116 kg (4) 0.156 kg

Ans. (3)

15. In some appropriate units, time (t) and position (x) relation of a moving particle is given by $t = x^2 + x$. The acceleration of the particle is

- (1) $-\frac{2}{(x+2)^3}$
(2) $-\frac{2}{(2x+1)^3}$
(3) $+\frac{2}{(x+1)^3}$
(4) $+\frac{2}{2x+1}$

Ans. (2)

16. To an ac power supply of 220 V at 50 Hz, a resistor of 20 Ω , a capacitor of reactance 25 Ω and an inductor of reactance 45 Ω are connected in series. The corresponding current in the circuit and the phase angle between the current and the voltage is, respectively-

- (1) 7.8 A and 30° (2) 7.8 A and 45°
(3) 15.6 and 30° (4) 15.6 and 45°

Ans. (2)

17. The Sun rotates around its centre once in 27 days. What will be the period of revolution if the Sun were to expand to twice its present radius without any external influence? Assume the Sun to be a sphere of uniform density.

- (1) 100 days (2) 105 days
(3) 115 days (4) 108 days

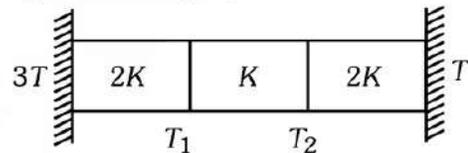
Ans. (4)

18. A model for quantized motion of an electron in a uniform magnetic field B states that the flux passing through the orbit of the electron is $n(h/e)$ where n is an integer, h is Planck's constant and e is the magnitude of electron's charge. According to the model, the magnetic moment of an electron in its lowest energy state will be (m is the mass of the electron)

- (1) $\frac{he}{\pi m}$ (2) $\frac{he}{2\pi m}$
(3) $\frac{heB}{\pi m}$ (4) $\frac{heB}{2\pi m}$

Ans. (2)

19. Three identical heat conducting rods are connected in series as shown in the figure. The rods on the sides have thermal conductivity $2K$ while that in the middle has thermal conductivity K . The left end of the combination is maintained at temperature $3T$ and the right end at T . The rods are thermally insulated from outside. In steady state, temperature at the left junction is T_1 and that at the right junction is T_2 . The ratio T_1/T_2 is



- (1) $\frac{3}{2}$ (2) $\frac{4}{3}$
(3) $\frac{5}{3}$ (4) $\frac{5}{4}$

Ans. (3)

20. The plates of a parallel plate capacitor are separated by d . Two slabs of different dielectric constant K_1 and K_2 with thickness $\frac{3}{8}d$ and $\frac{d}{2}$, respectively are inserted in the capacitor. Due to this, the capacitance becomes two times larger than when there is nothing between the plates.

(If $K_1 = 1.25 K_2$, the value of K_1 is :

- (1) 2.66 (2) 2.33
(3) 1.60 (4) 1.33

Ans. (1)

21. Two cities X and Y are connected by a regular bus service with a bus leaving in either direction every T min. A girl is driving scooty with a speed of 60 km/h in the direction X to Y notices that a bus goes past her every 30 minutes in the direction of her motion, and every 10 minutes in the opposite direction. Choose the correct option for the period T of the bus service and the speed (assumed constant) of the buses.

- (1) 9 min, 40 km/h (2) 25 min, 100 km/h
 (3) 10 min, 90 km/h (4) 15 min, 120 km/h

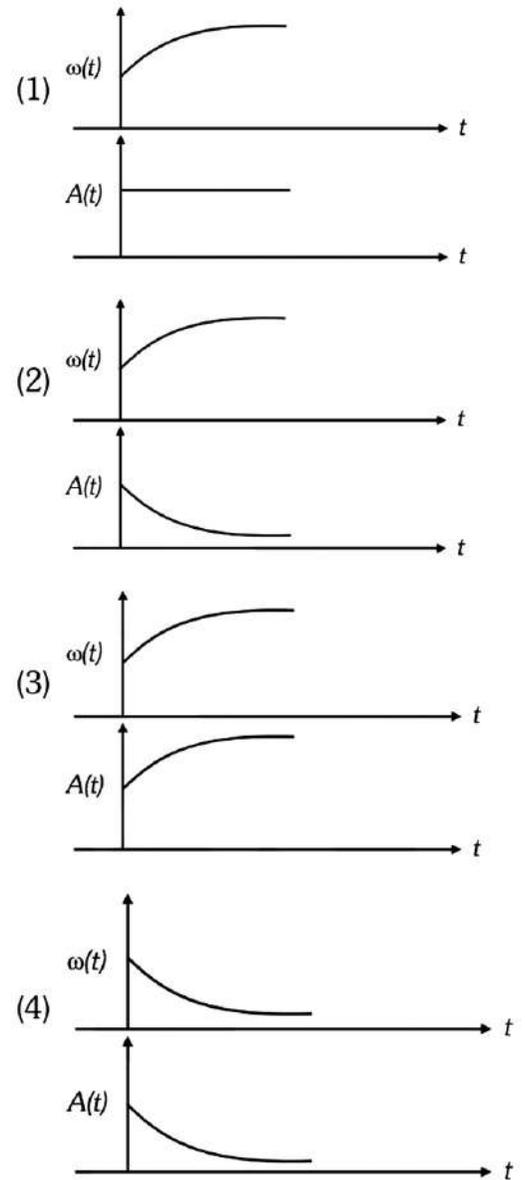
Ans. (4)

22. A uniform rod of mass 20 kg and length 5 m leans against a smooth vertical wall making an angle of 60° with it. The other end rests on a rough horizontal floor. The friction force that the floor exerts on the rod is (take $g = 10\text{m/s}^2$)

- (1) 100 N (2) $100\sqrt{3}$ N
 (3) 200 N (4) $200\sqrt{3}$ N

Ans. (2)

23. In an oscillating spring mass system, a spring is connected to a box filled with sand. As the box oscillates, sand leaks slowly out of the box vertically so that the average frequency $\omega(t)$ and average amplitude $A(t)$ of the system change with time t . Which one of the following options schematically depicts these changes correctly?



Ans. (2)

24. A balloon is made of a material of surface tension S and its inflation outlet (from where gas is filled in it) has small area A . It is filled with a gas of density ρ and takes a spherical shape of radius R . When the gas is allowed to flow freely out of it, its radius changes from R to 0 (zero) in time T . If the speed $v(r)$ of gas coming out of the balloon depends on r as r^a and $T \propto S^\alpha A^\beta \rho^\gamma R^\delta$ then

(1) $a = \frac{1}{2}, \alpha = \frac{1}{2}, \beta = -1, \gamma = +1, \delta = \frac{3}{2}$

(2) $a = -\frac{1}{2}, \alpha = -\frac{1}{2}, \beta = -1, \gamma = -\frac{1}{2}, \delta = \frac{5}{2}$

(3) $a = -\frac{1}{2}, \alpha = -\frac{1}{2}, \beta = -1, \gamma = \frac{1}{2}, \delta = \frac{7}{2}$

(4) $a = \frac{1}{2}, \alpha = \frac{1}{2}, \beta = -\frac{1}{2}, \gamma = \frac{1}{2}, \delta = \frac{7}{2}$

Ans. (3)

25. Consider the diameter of a spherical object being measured with the help of a Vernier callipers. Suppose its 10 Vernier Scale Divisions (V.S.D.) are equal to its 9 Main Scale Divisions (M.S.D.) The least division in the M.S. is 0.1 cm and the zero of V.S. is at $x = 0.1$ cm when the jaws of Vernier callipers are closed.

If the main scale reading for the diameter is $M = 5$ cm and the number of coinciding vernier division is 8, the measured diameter after zero error correction, is

(1) 5.18 cm (2) 5.08 cm

(3) 4.98 cm (4) 5.00 cm

Ans. (3)

26. A parallel plate capacitor made of circular plates is being charged such that the surface charge density on its plates is increasing at a constant rate with time. The magnetic field arising due to displacement current is :

- (1) zero at all places
- (2) constant between the plates and zero outside the plates
- (3) non-zero everywhere with maximum at the imaginary cylindrical surface connecting peripheries of the plates
- (4) zero between the plates and non-zero outside

Ans. (3)

27. An unpolarized light beam travelling in air is incident on a medium of refractive index 1.73 at Brewster's angle. Then -

- (1) reflected light is completely polarized and the angle of reflection is close to 60°
- (2) reflected light is partially polarized and the angle of reflection is close to 30°
- (3) both reflected and transmitted light are perfectly polarized with angles of reflection and refraction close to 60° and 30° , respectively
- (4) transmitted light is completely polarized with angle of refraction close to 30°

Ans. (1)

28. Two identical charged conducting spheres A and B have their centres separated by a certain distance. Charge on each sphere is q and the force of repulsion between them is F . A third identical uncharged conducting sphere is brought in contact with sphere A first and then with B and finally removed from both. New force of repulsion between spheres A and B (Radii of A and B are negligible compared to the distance of separation so that for calculating force between them they can be considered as point charges) is best given as :

(1) $\frac{3F}{5}$ (2) $\frac{2F}{3}$

(3) $\frac{F}{2}$ (4) $\frac{3F}{8}$

Ans. (4)

29. A container has two chambers of volumes $V_1 = 2$ litres and $V_2 = 3$ litres separated by a partition made of a thermal insulator. The chambers contains $n_1 = 5$ and $n_2 = 4$ moles of ideal gas at pressures $p_1 = 1$ atm and $p_2 = 2$ atm, respectively. When the partition is removed, the mixture attains an equilibrium pressure of :

- (1) 1.3 atm (2) 1.6 atm
- (3) 1.4 atm (4) 1.8 atm

Ans. (2)

30. A particle of mass m is moving around the origin with a constant force F pulling it towards the origin. If Bohr model is used to describe its motion, the radius r of the n^{th} orbit and the particle's speed v in the orbit depend on n as

- (1) $r \propto n^{1/3}; v \propto n^{1/3}$ (2) $r \propto n^{1/3}; v \propto n^{2/3}$
- (3) $r \propto n^{2/3}; v \propto n^{1/3}$ (4) $r \propto n^{4/3}; v \propto n^{-1/3}$

Ans. (3)

31. The radius of Martian orbit around the Sun is about 4 times the radius of the orbit of Mercury. The Martian year is 687 Earth days. Then which of the following is the length of 1 year on Mercury ?

- (1) 88 earth days (2) 225 earth days
 (3) 172 earth days (4) 124 earth days

Ans. (1)

32. A body weighs 48 N on the surface of the earth. The gravitational force experienced by the body due to the earth at a height equal to one-third the radius of the earth from its surface is :

- (1) 16 N (2) 27 N
 (3) 32 N (4) 36 N

Ans. (2)

33. A wire of resistance R is cut into 8 equal pieces. From these pieces two equivalent resistances are made by adding four of these together in parallel. Then these two sets are added in series. The net effective resistance of the combination is :

- (1) $\frac{R}{64}$ (2) $\frac{R}{32}$
 (3) $\frac{R}{16}$ (4) $\frac{R}{8}$

Ans. (3)

34. De-Broglie wavelength of an electron orbiting in the $n = 2$ state of hydrogen atom is close to (Given Bohr radius = 0.052 nm)

- (1) 0.067 nm (2) 0.67 nm
 (3) 1.67 nm (4) 2.67 nm

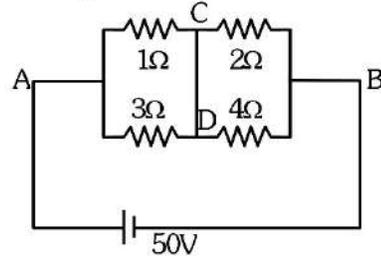
Ans. (2)

35. An electric dipole with dipole moment 5×10^{-6} Cm is aligned with the direction of a uniform electric field of magnitude 4×10^5 N/C. The dipole is then rotated through an angle of 60° with respect to the electric field. The change in the potential energy of the dipole is :

- (1) 0.8 J (2) 1.0 J
 (3) 1.2 J (4) 1.5 J

Ans. (2)

36. A constant voltage of 50 V is maintained between the points A and B of the circuit shown in the figure. The current through the branch CD of the circuit is :-



- (1) 1.5 A (2) 2.0 A (3) 2.5 A (4) 3.0 A

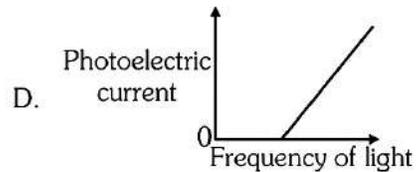
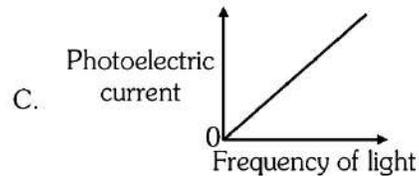
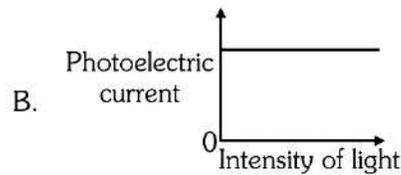
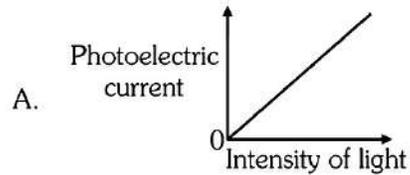
Ans. (2)

37. A photon and an electron (mass m) have the same energy E . The ratio $(\lambda_{\text{photon}}/\lambda_{\text{electron}})$ of their de Broglie wavelengths is: (c is the speed of light)

- (1) $\sqrt{E/2m}$ (2) $c\sqrt{2mE}$
 (3) $c\sqrt{\frac{2m}{E}}$ (4) $\frac{1}{c}\sqrt{E/2m}$

Ans. (3)

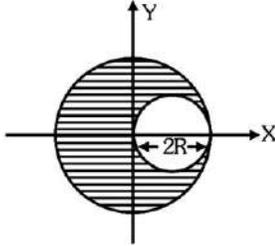
38. Which of the following options represent the variation of photoelectric current with property of light shown on the x-axis?



- (1) A only (2) A and C
 (3) A and D (4) B and D

Ans. (1)

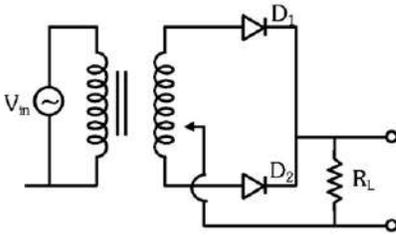
39. A sphere of radius R is cut from a larger solid sphere of radius $2R$ as shown in the figure. The ratio of the moment of inertia of the smaller sphere to that of the rest part of the sphere about the Y-axis is:



- (1) $\frac{7}{8}$ (2) $\frac{7}{40}$
 (3) $\frac{7}{57}$ (4) $\frac{7}{64}$

Ans. (3)

40. A full wave rectifier circuit with diodes (D_1) and (D_2) is shown in the figure. If input supply voltage $V_{in} = 220\sin(100\pi t)$ volt, then at $t = 15 \text{ msec}$



- (1) D_1 is forward biased, D_2 is reverse biased
 (2) D_1 is reverse biased, D_2 is forward biased
 (3) D_1 and D_2 both are forward biased
 (4) D_1 and D_2 both are reverse biased

Ans. (2)

41. Two gases A and B are filled at the same pressure in separate cylinders with movable pistons of radius r_A and r_B , respectively. On supplying an equal amount of heat to both the systems reversibly under constant pressure, the pistons of gas A and B are displaced by 16 cm and 9 cm , respectively. If the change in their internal energy is the same, then the ratio $\frac{r_A}{r_B}$ is equal to

- (1) $\frac{4}{3}$ (2) $\frac{3}{4}$
 (3) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$ (4) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

Ans. (2)

42. A physical quantity P is related to four observations a , b , c and d as follows :

$$P = a^3 b^2 / c \sqrt{d}$$

The percentage errors of measurement in a , b , c and d are 1%, 3%, 2% and 4% respectively. The percentage error in the quantity P is

- (1) 10% (2) 2%
 (3) 13% (4) 15%

Ans. (3)

43. The intensity of transmitted light when a polaroid sheet, placed between two crossed polaroids at 22.5° from the polarization axis of one of the polaroid, is (I_0 is the intensity of polarised light after passing through the first polaroid):

- (1) $\frac{I_0}{2}$ (2) $\frac{I_0}{4}$
 (3) $\frac{I_0}{8}$ (4) $\frac{I_0}{16}$

Ans. (3)

44. Two identical point masses P and Q , suspended from two separate massless springs of spring constants k_1 and k_2 , respectively, oscillate vertically. If their maximum speeds are the same, the ratio (A_Q/A_P) of the amplitude A_Q of mass Q to the amplitude A_P of mass P is :

- (1) $\frac{k_2}{k_1}$ (2) $\frac{k_1}{k_2}$
 (3) $\sqrt{\frac{k_2}{k_1}}$ (4) $\sqrt{\frac{k_1}{k_2}}$

Ans. (4)

45. A pipe open at both ends has a fundamental frequency f in air. The pipe is now dipped vertically in a water drum to half of its length. The fundamental frequency of the air column is now equal to :

- (1) $\frac{f}{2}$ (2) f
 (3) $\frac{3f}{2}$ (4) $2f$

Ans. (2)